

## 2019 年英语专业模拟冲刺卷（五）参考答案：

**Part I Listening Comprehension****Section A**

Short Conversation

1-8 CDCACBDD

Long Conversation One

9-11 ADD

Long Conversation Two

12-15 BDCA

**Section B**

Passage One

16-18 ADD

Passage Two

19-21 DDB

Passage Three

22-25 DDAA

**Part II Grammar & Vocabulary**

26-30 ABDDDB

31-35 BADDAB

36-40 BDDCC

41-45 ACADC

46-50 AABAB

**Part III Cloze**

51-55 BDABC

56-60 ADCBD

61-65 ADBAC

66-70 CADCB

**Part IV Reading Comprehension**

71-75 ABDAC

76-80 ADCBD

81-85 ACBCC

86-90 BCBCA

更多接本资讯请关注“河北精通专接本”微信公众号

**Part V Writing****Ways to Make Moral Building on Campus**

Recently, if you search the internet or other media, you would see reports on demoralization now and then. Universities are no exception. These demoralization shows in the following aspects: theft, lack of credibility, cheating in examinations, plagiarism in papers, improper interaction with the opposite sex and so on. In sum, moral building on campus is of critical importance in students' all-round development.

Undoubtedly, it is high time that the official organizations should take several steps. On one hand, this requires the universities to attach great importance to natural environment planning and building. A good campus environment plays an active role in cultivating students' ideology and moral education. On the other hand, the staff in the university should find the best in both Chinese and Western culture to educate the students. Students can learn important lessons from Western cultures, adding to their profound morality.

We, as students in the university, should be aware of the importance of moral building. We should do something to support the moral building work, starting from little things around us. Students' Union should organize some activities for students to take part in, highlighting the importance of moral building. There is no doubt that only through joint efforts can we make better moral building on campus.

**听力原文****Part I Listening Comprehension****Section A**

*Directions: In this section, you will hear 8 short conversations and 2 long conversations. At the end of each conversation, one or more questions will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the questions will be spoken **ONLY ONCE**. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A, B, C and D and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the correct responding letter on Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.*

**Short Conversation**

1. W: Are you good at making decisions?

M: Not really. Sometimes, I even let other people make key decisions for me. I let my parents

make big decisions for me.

Q: What can we learn about the man?

2. W: I find it really hard to express myself in class. I have lots of ideas, but they never seem to come out of my mouth.

M: Let me give you a little advice. You know what the topics are going to be, so prepare what you would like to say in advance.

Q: What's the man's suggestion to the woman?

3. W: Hello. How was the marketing meeting?

M: It was awful. I think I put forward some great ideas, but none of them were accepted.

Q: What can we learn from the conversation?

4. W: I'm looking forward to relaxing myself this coming weekend.

M: I hope that I can finally find some free time too. I've been so busy at work recently.

Q: What are they talking about?

5. W: What do you hope to do when you finish university?

M: I'd like to go into management. I've applied for several jobs already and I'm hopeful that I'll get some job offers. How about you?

Q: What does the man want to do for the future job?

6. W: I heard you received a prize for your book.

M: Yeah. I won a prize for "best local history book" at the annual book award.

Q: What is the man's book about?

7. W: Hello! How are you today?

M: I'm feeling very nervous. I just had a test and I'm not sure how well or how badly I did.

Q: Why does the man feel nervous?

8. W: What are you reading about in the newspaper?

M: I was exhausted from studying, so I decided to read the newspaper to relax. Unfortunately, the news is so depressing.

Q: Why does the man read newspaper?

### Long Conversation One

W: What seems to be the problem?

M: Well, I was crossing the road, where a car came round the corner too quickly, and when the driver saw me, it was too late to stop. I was knocked to the ground, and when I got up, my left arm and elbow were grazed and now, I have a pain in my ribs,

W: I'll just take a look. Where does it hurt?

M: It's hard to say. It hurts all over.

W: Does it hurt when I do this?

M: Ouch! The pain is very bad when you press here.

W: Well, your arm and elbow seem to be all right. Let me see your X-rays.

M: Is it serious?

W: No. It's not very serious, but you should take two or three weeks off work, and rest in bed as much as possible.

M: Should I take some medicine, doctor?

W: All right. I'll give you some herbal medicine to help you heal quickly. In addition, I will prescribe you some medicine for oral administration. Here is a prescription. Take it to the chemist's. Please take the medicine according to the instruction.

M: Will I need to be put in plaster?

W: No, it isn't necessary. I have prescribed you a tube of ointment. Administer it two or three times a day.

M: Thank you very much, doctor.

W: Not at all. Goodbye!

### Questions 9 to 11 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

9. What happened to the man?

10. What is the doctor's suggestion to the man?

11. What should the man do if he wants to recover quickly?

### Long Conversation Two

W: Mike, do you have a pet?

M: Yes, in fact, we have three pets in my home: two dogs and a cat. My family actually raises dogs for helping blind people.

W: Oh, really? How to train the dogs?

M: Well, I mean, it's a long process, right... we get them when they're puppies... and so we train them basic... you know, sit, come... really basic things... then, after they're about two years old, they are sent to a different training school.

W: Wow, that's great! How many dogs do you train at a time?

M: Yeah, just one dog at a time.

W: Oh, wow, that's cool. I just wonder why people keep pets?

M: I guess the most important thing is companionship. Specially for the old people, they'd like to have pets to accompany them.

W: All right. And what are some costs associated with keeping a pet?

M: Food is probably the biggest cost, but also if you keep the dog, particularly a dog in your house. When they are puppies, they'll chew up everything they can, so you have to constantly replace shoes and, you know, clean up pee from the carpet and things like that... so... it can be a hassle.

W: Oh, that's really not a simple thing to raise a pet. Anyhow, the pets do make our life more colorful.

**Questions 12 to 15 are based on the conversation you have just heard.**

12. Which one is not talked about in the conversation?

13. Which one is right about training dogs?

14. According to the man, why do people raise a pet?

15. Which fact is not associated with keeping a pet?

### Section B

*Directions: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken **TWICE**. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A., B, C. and D. Then mark the corresponding letter on Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.*

#### Passage One

Counting every calorie you consume, spending an entire weekend cooking healthy meals for the following week, finding even more time to exercise, sure, these weight-loss strategies do work, but they can be awfully time-consuming. So follow these guides to lose weight.

The first guide is to keep good food close. Laziness plays a bigger role in your food choices — both good and bad — than you might think, suggests another study published in Appetite. People prefer to eat the food near them but not their favorite food which is far from them. So put the good food near you, then you can eat healthy.

The second one is to save the salad for last. Salad comes with your meal; just eat it at the end of your meal. By eating it last, it will give your brain a chance to catch up with your stomach so you realize that you aren't as hungry as when you started your meal. Just make

更多接本资讯请关注“河北精通专接本”微信公众号

sure you skip the creamy dressings.

The next one is to forget about diet soda. Research found that people who drank diet soda tended to have larger waists. After following 474 people for about a decade, they found that those who drank diet soda had a 70% greater increase in waist circumferences compared with non-drinkers. What's more: people who consumed two or more diet sodas a day saw a 500% greater increase.

And the last one is to opt for raw. When you're hungry, grabbing a piece of fruit is easy — no cooking is required. Fruits are naturally sweet, high in fiber, and full of hydration. If you fill up on fruits, you'll be less likely to want to eat other foods. Raw vegetables can have the same effect.

**Questions 16 to 18 are based on the passage you have just heard.**

16. Which one is not mentioned as usual weight-loss strategy?

17. Which one doesn't belong to the suggestions about weight-loss in this passage?

18. What are the advantages of fruits?

#### Passage Two

Due to the large number of tall buildings lining narrow streets, many big-city dwellers spend their days mostly in shadows. Cairo, for example, is one of the world's densest large cities, with so many alleyways that light can barely reach, even when the sun is directly overhead. That's why scientists there have developed a way to harvest the sun's rays and redirect them into Cairo's many tight streets and alleyways to bring light to thousands who otherwise would be in the dark.

Simple reflective surfaces like glass mirrors can shoot light in only one direction. Amr Safwat and his colleagues at Ain Shams University in Cairo have developed unique panels with a precise, computer-cut design to catch the sun's rays at any angle. At any time of day, any day of the year, the panels can gather up sunlight and redirect it to a predetermined point; they don't need to move with the sun or be repositioned for different times of the year.

Prototype testing showed that the cheap and easy-to-produce panels could potentially increase the amount of natural sunlight in any given alleyway by 200 percent in autumn and 400 percent in winter. With the same material used to make glasses, the panels are cheap and easy to produce — each one-square-meter panel and frame will cost between \$70 and \$100, and Safwat estimates it will take four one-meter panels to keep one block's worth of alleyway lit.

**Questions 19 to 21 are based on the passage you have just heard.**

19. Why do many big-city dwellers spend their days mostly in shadows?

20. Which one is not the characters of the panels?

21. Which one is not the advantages of the panels?

**Passage Three**

Swiss voters overwhelmingly rejected a nationwide referendum Sunday that would have set the nation's minimum wage at \$25 an hour and created the world's highest paid unskilled workforce.

Final results from Sunday's vote showed 76.3% of voters opposed the Decent Salary Initiative, which would have had the greatest impact on immigrants working in such jobs as agriculture, housekeeping and catering.

The vote came days after hundreds of fast-food workers walked off their jobs in many U.S. cities and in more than 30 countries in a protest for higher wages.

The average household income in Switzerland is about \$6,800 a month, government statistics show. In the USA, where the minimum wage is \$7.25 an hour, the average is roughly \$4,300, Census Bureau figures indicate. A recent effort to raise the U.S. minimum to \$10 an hour failed to gain congressional traction.

Switzerland, however, features some of the world's highest prices. The country does not have a minimum wage law, so pay scales are determined by employment contracts or collective bargaining. However, 90% of Swiss workers earn more than the proposed minimum and are already among the highest paid in the world.

The Swiss Business Federation, said the results show that the Swiss people wouldn't tolerate government intervention in a free-market economy.

Forcing employers to hike wages can mean other cuts — including jobs. At 3.2%, Switzerland's unemployment rate is among the lowest globally.

Swiss Economics Minister warned that "if jobs are being cut, the weakest suffer most." Some workers who make less than \$25 an hour had opposed the referendum.

**Questions 22 to 25 are based on the passage you have just heard.**

22. What kind of workers is the minimum wage made for?

23. What kind of work is not the immigrant work?

24. What result will the higher minimum wages bring about?

25. Which is not true according to the passage?